

# Year 6 Geography Knowledge Organiser

## Key Questions

- Are there patterns of climate that link to the main lines of latitude?
- What impact does the erosion of Brazil's rainforests have on Brazil and the wider world?
- How does what I buy affect others and the world?
- How does 'Fair Trade' work?

## Vocabulary

Vegetation belt	Regions of the world that are home to certain plant species determined by the climate zone.
Biome	A large geographical area which is home to certain plants and animals, specially adapted the suit the environment.
Economic activity	Producing, buying or selling products
Trade	Buying, selling and swapping goods and/or services
GDP Gross Domestic Product	How much a country produces in an amount of time; this is used to evaluate the health of a country's economy.
Settlement	A colony or small community of people.
Time Zone	An area on Earth that has a specific time that everyone sets their clocks to. Different places on Earth have different time zones. They exist because the Earth is spherical and allow everyone to have sunrise in the early morning and sunset in the evening.

## Learning Objectives

To identify the position and significance of the main lines of latitude.

To understand why we have time zones

To use maps to locate the countries of South America

To explore environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics of Brazil

To describe and understand key aspects of climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts of Brazil.

To identify the human geography of Brazil (including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links)

To explain the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water in Brazil

## Key Facts and Information

Day and night takes places at different times depending on where you are in the world.

The Americas span two separate continents (North America and South America) and cover a huge area of the globe, extending over several lines of latitude and longitude.

Coffee beans, bananas and oil are just some of the raw materials that are imported to the UK from

Brazil is a major exporter of minerals such as: quartz, diamonds, Chromium, Iron ore and Gold.

